

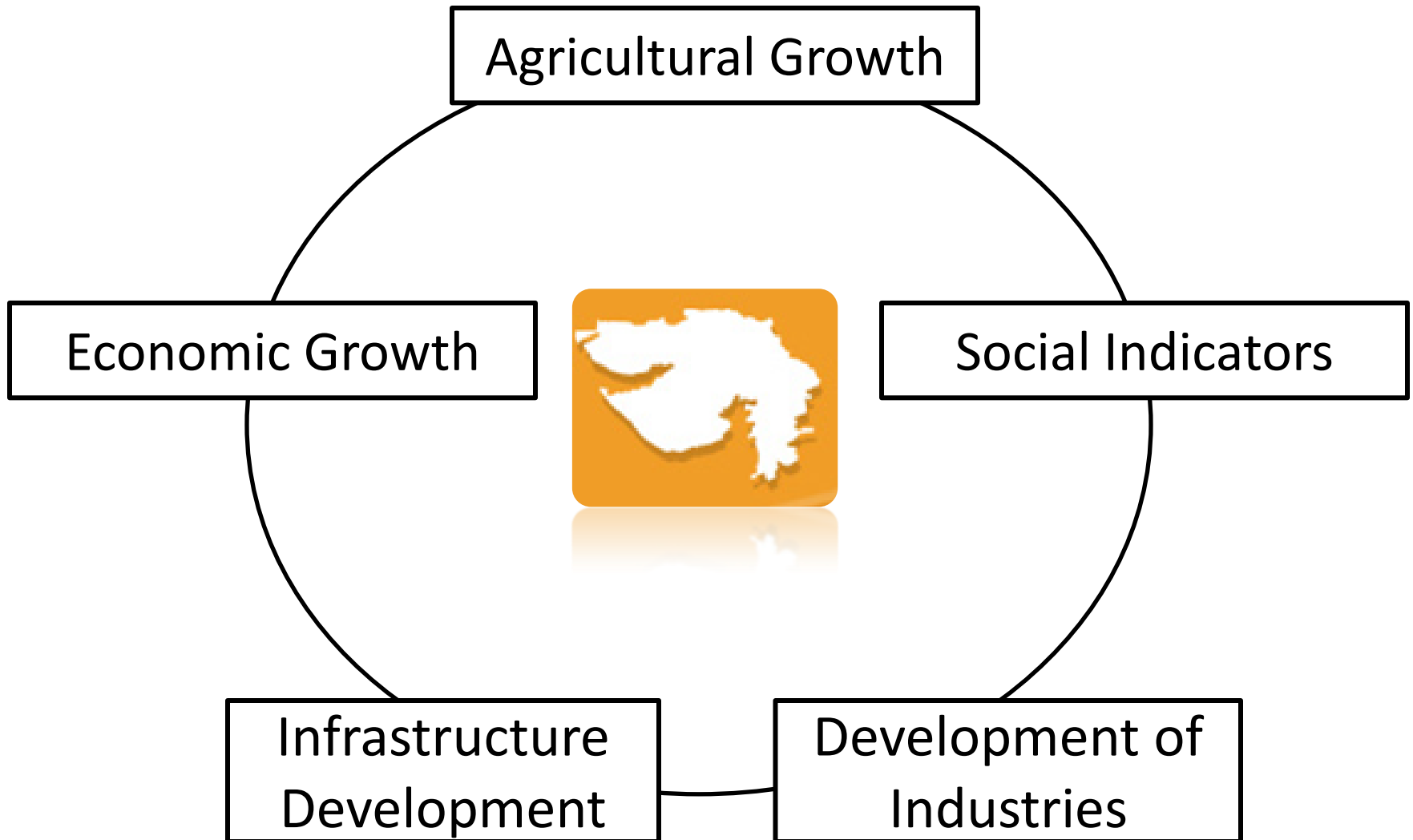
# *13 Years of Peace , Prosperity & Progress*

Department of Information,  
Government of Gujarat



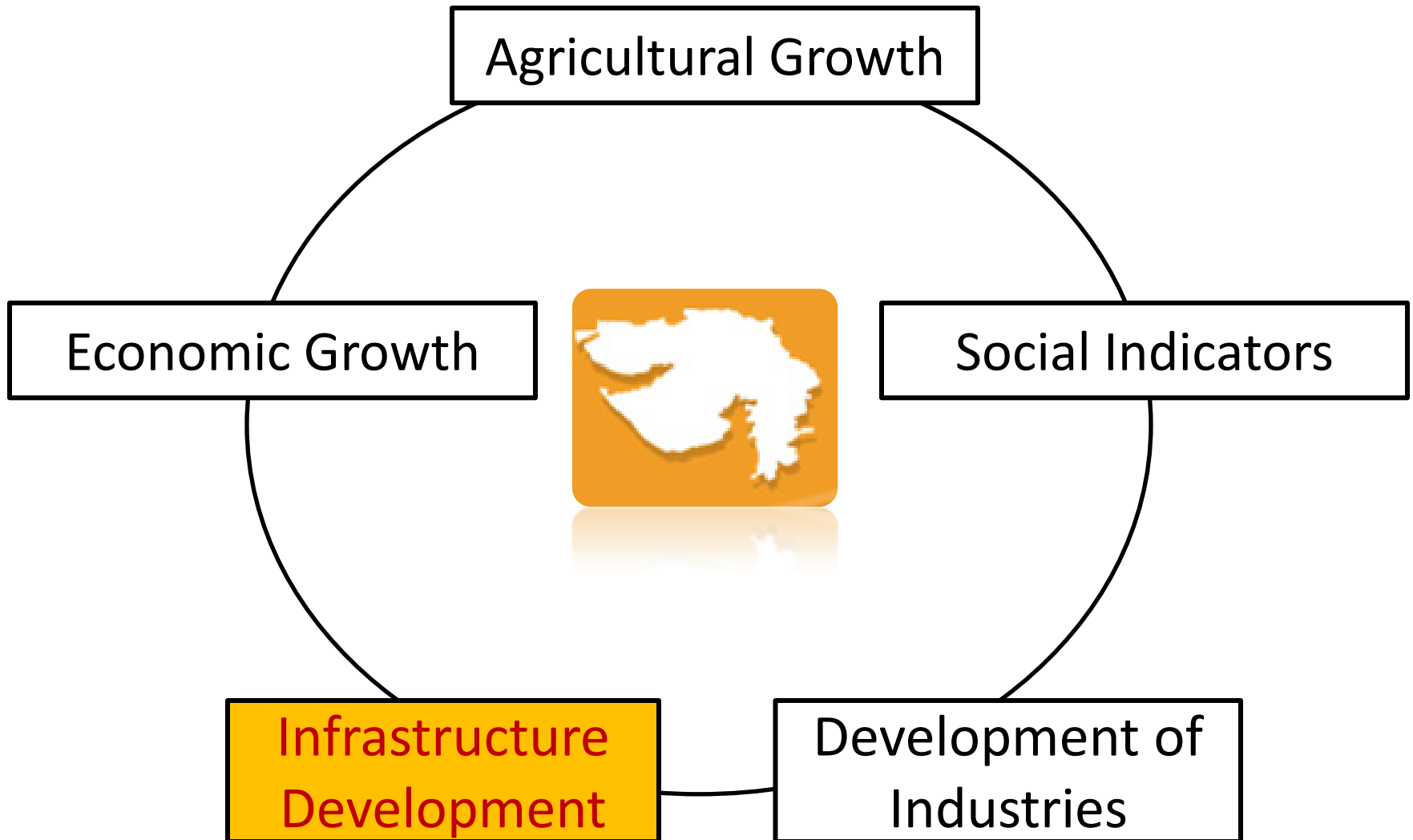
# Key Development Areas

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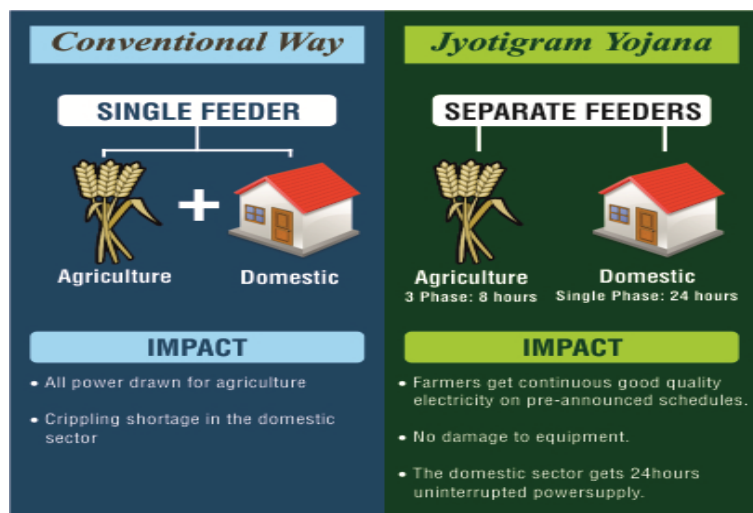


# Key Development Areas

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# Jyotigram Yojana – Let there be Light!



*Jyotigram Yojana is one of the most revolutionary reformist approach in the power sector that India has ever seen, significantly improving the lives of farmers & rural population.*

*Narendra Modi undertook a mammoth task of separating feeders for agriculture & domestic use. For this endeavour, more than 78,000 kms of electricity lines, more than 18,000 electricity transformers & 17 lakh electricity poles were installed.*

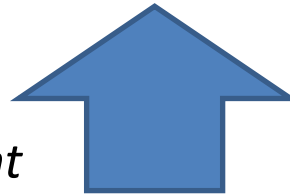
Work executed under Jyotigram <sup>1</sup>	
New High Tension Lines	56,307 Kms
New Low Tension Lines	22,146 Kms
New Transformers	18,724 Nos.
Poles erected	17,00,000 Nos.
SDT's Installed	3,101 Nos.
Jyotigram Feeders	1,888 Nos.
Project Cost	Rs. 1290 Crores
Government Grant	Rs. 1115 Crores
State Population	5.07 Crores
No. of Days	1000

# Jyotigram Yojana – The Benefits

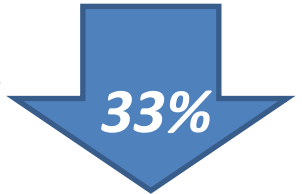
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## Economic Impact

*Rural  
Employment*

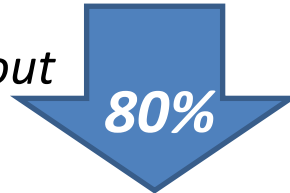


*Migration from  
Rural Areas*



## Impact on Education

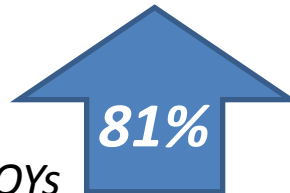
*Girls Drop-out  
Rate*



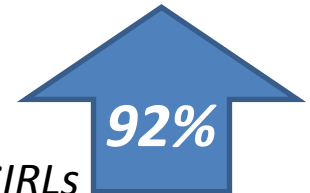
*School  
Absenteeism*



*Avg. Study  
Duration at  
Home- For BOYS*



*Avg. Study  
Duration at  
Home- For GIRLS*



# Jyotigram Yojana – The Benefits

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Impact on Rural Industries

Growth in  
**Diamond Polishing**

*Night Time Working by  
**53%** of Rural Families  
impacted growth in  
many sectors*

Growth in  
**Many Other Sectors**

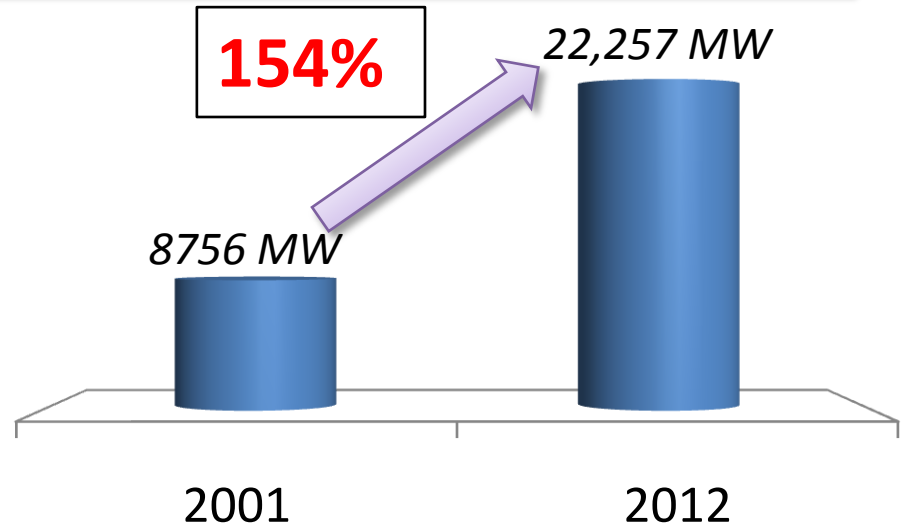
Growth in  
**Toiletries Manufacturing**

Growth in  
**Agro Processing**

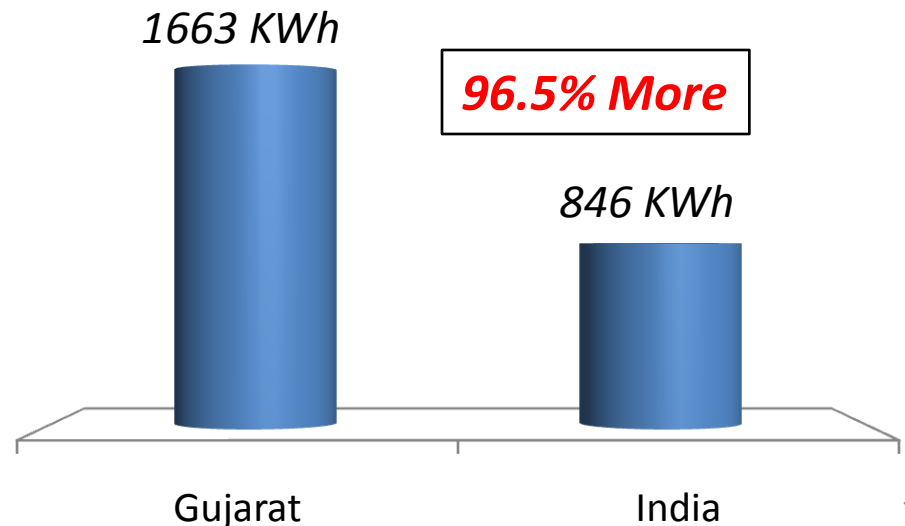
*Better Load Management Resulted in  
**NO LOAD SHEDDING**  
in the state*

# Infrastructure Development

Increase in Installed  
Power Capacity



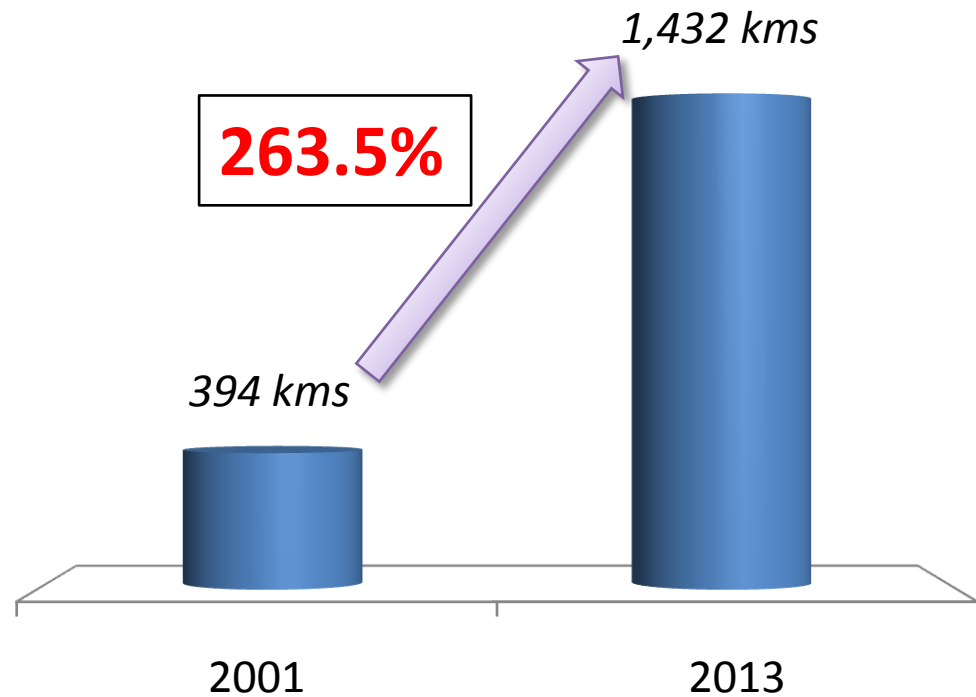
Increase in Per Capita  
Consumption of power  
*As on 2011-12*



# Infrastructure Development

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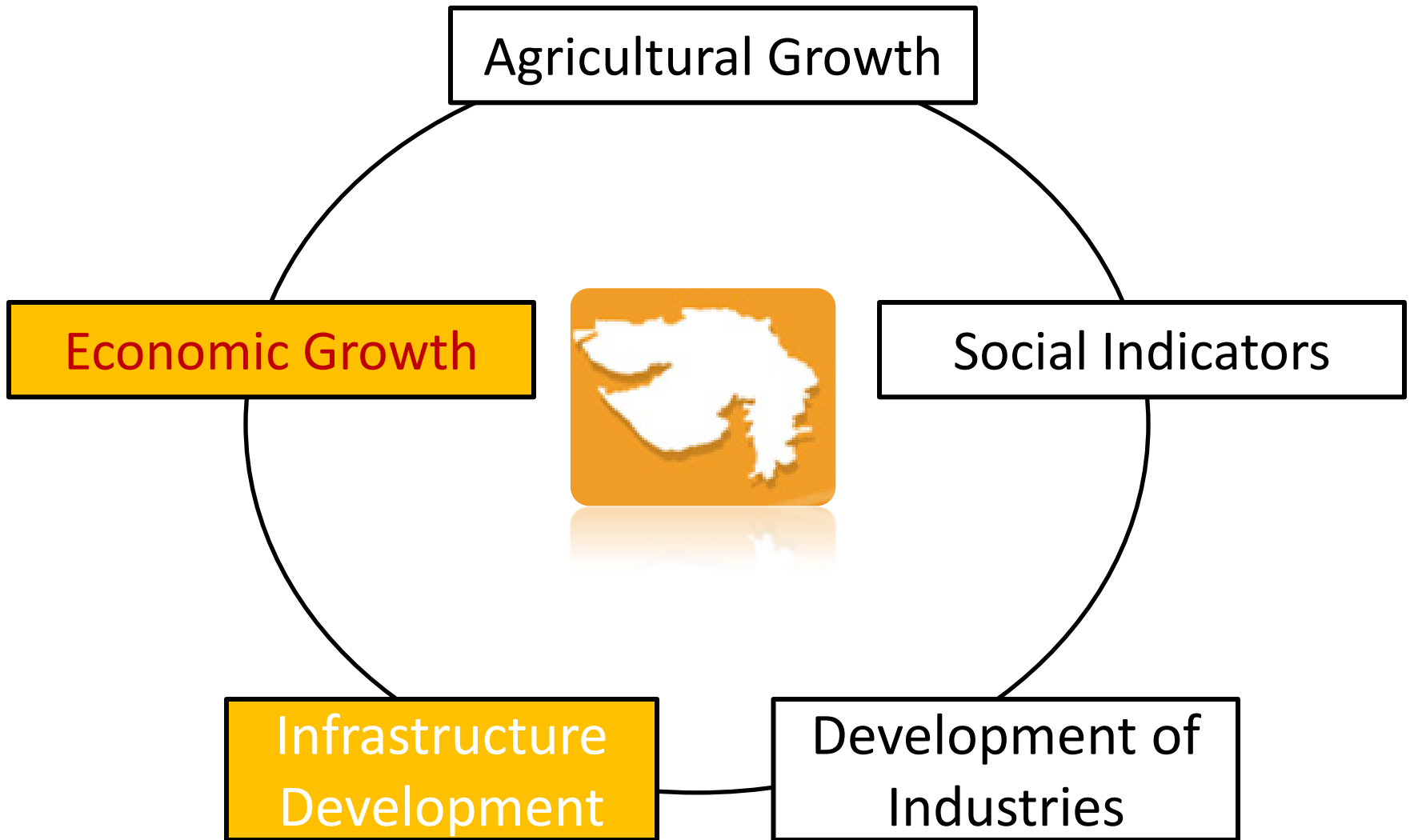
Increase in 4 & 6  
lane roads





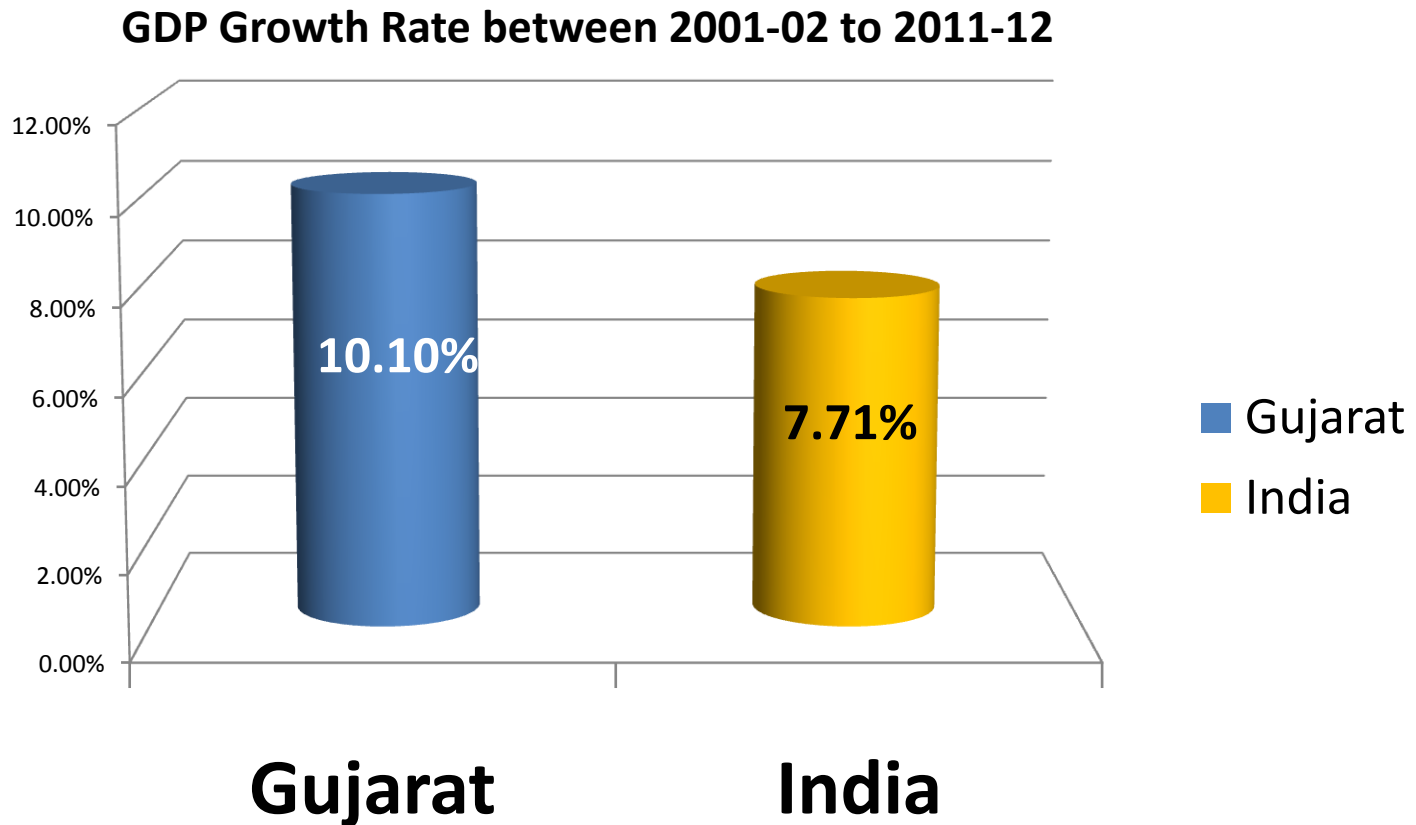
# Key Development Areas

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# Gross Domestic Product

*In the decade of 2001-02 to 2011-12 the GSDP growth at constant prices of Gujarat was 10.1 %, much higher than the national average of 7.71% .*



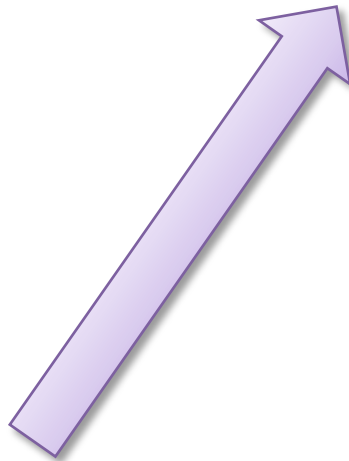
# GSDP Growth in Absolute Numbers

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**Rs.6,70,016 CR.**



**2013**

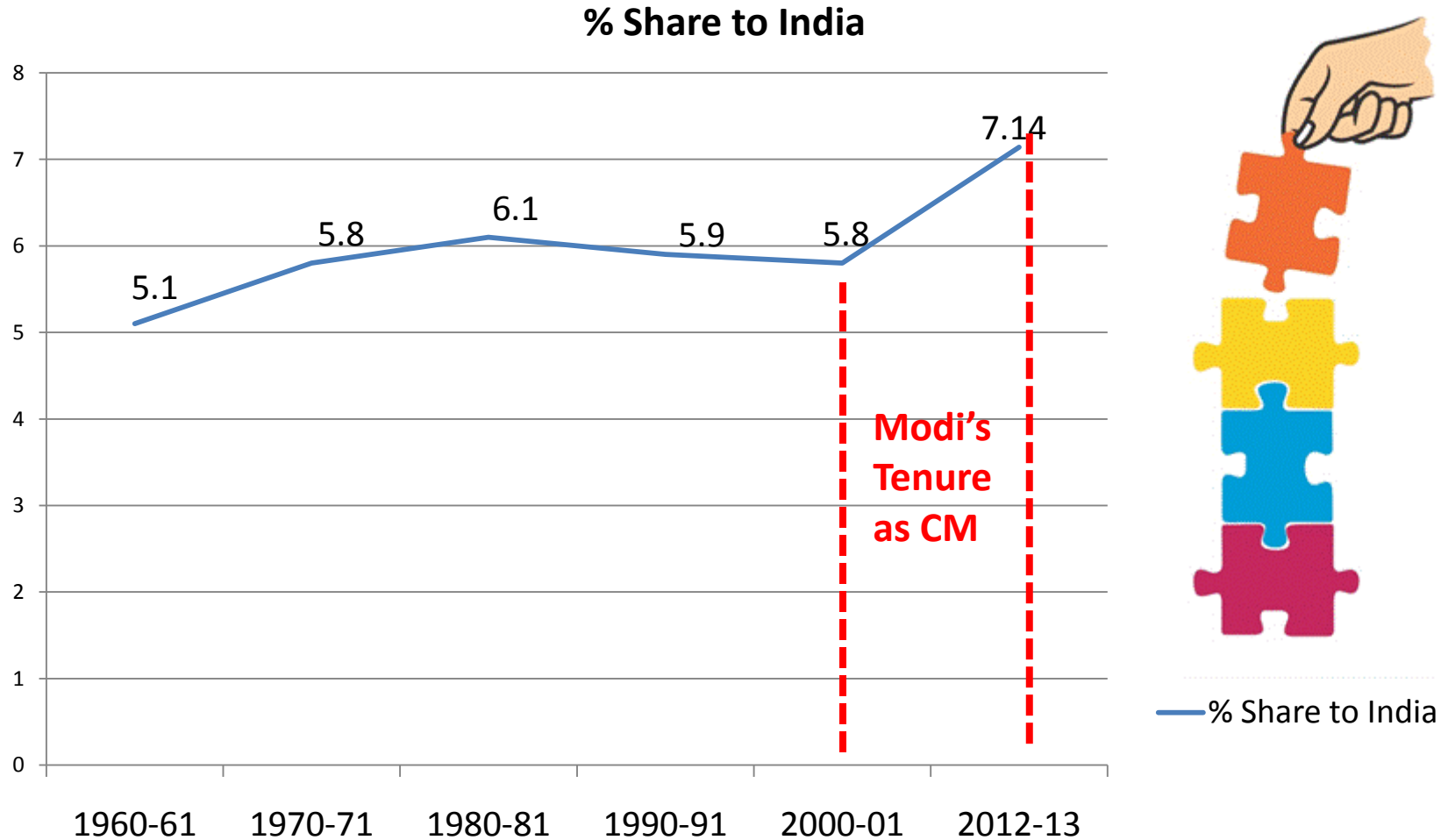


**Rs.1,11,139 CR.**



**2001**

# Gujarat's Contribution to India's GDP

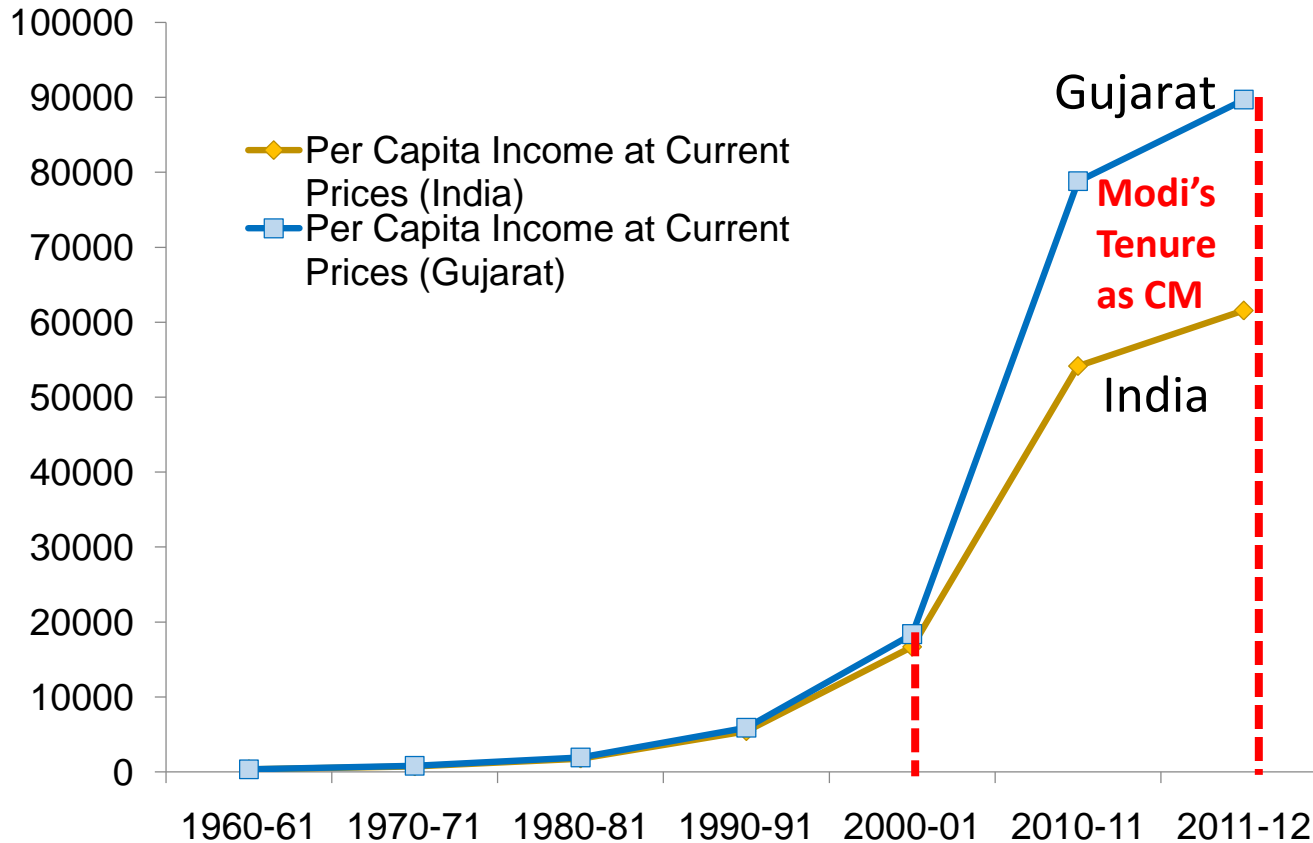


# Gujarat's Growth pattern

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- *From III Plan to VII Plan*      *1961 to 1990*      *Average growth 5.84%*
  - *From VIII to IX Plan*      *1992 to 2002*      *Average growth 7.85%*
  - *In X and XI Plan*      *2002 to 2012*      *Average growth 10.24%*
-

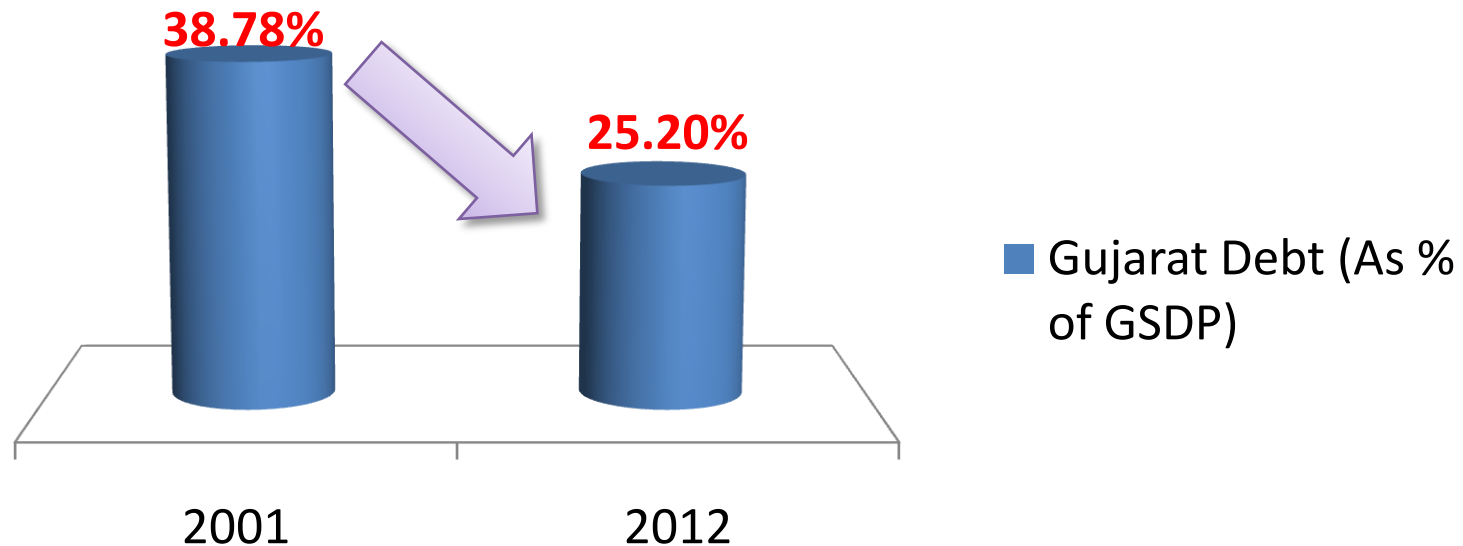
# Per Capita Income Growth



When Narendra Modi took over in 2001, Per Capita Income of Gujarat was Rs 19,823, against national average of Rs 17,782. In 2011-12 it had increased by **340%** & reached Rs **87,175**. But national average which was left behind at Rs **61,855** in 2011-12

# Reduction of Debt

*In 2001, the debt of Gujarat was a whopping 38.78% of GSDP. Due to sound policies of the Government, public debt has been steadily decreasing & in 2011-12 it stands at 25.20% of GSDP.*

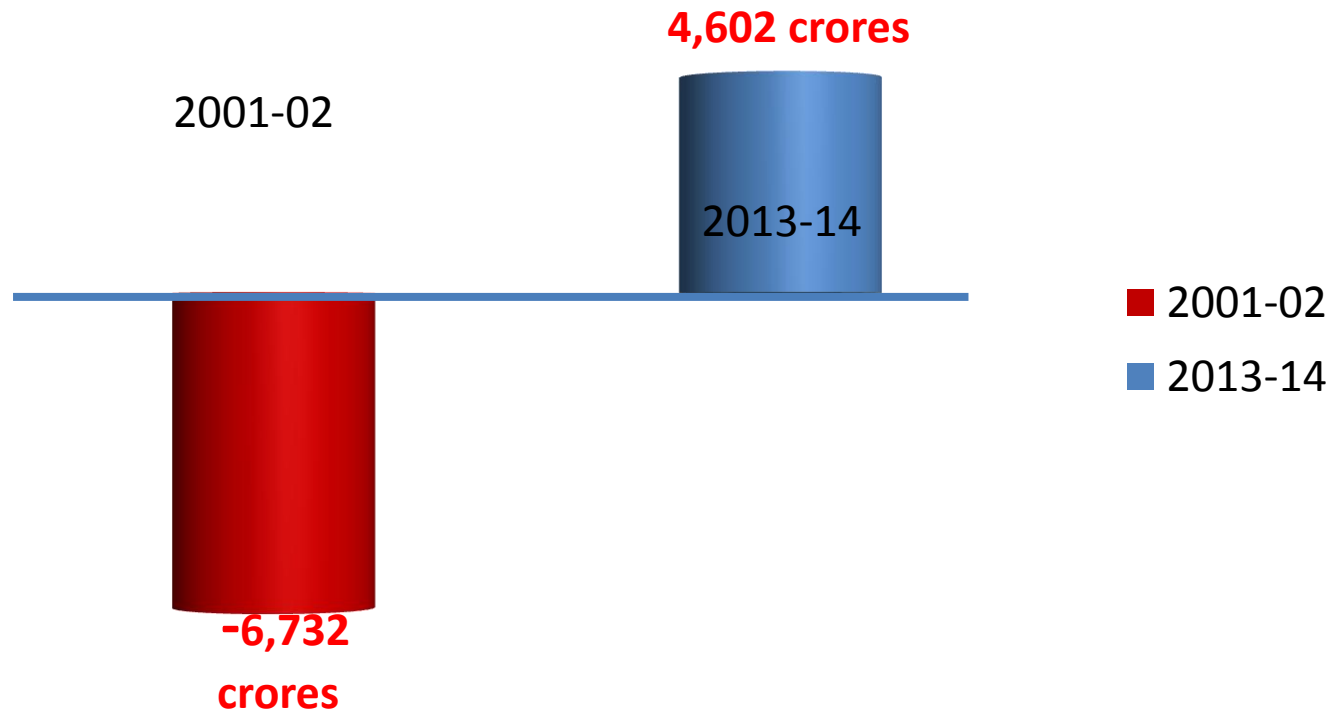


*Gujarat now ranks 18th in debt to GSDP ratio in the country, making it one of the least indebted states.*

# Revenue Turnaround!

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*In 2001-02 Gujarat had a revenue deficit of Rs 6732 crore while in 2013-14 there is a surplus of Rs 4602 crore!*

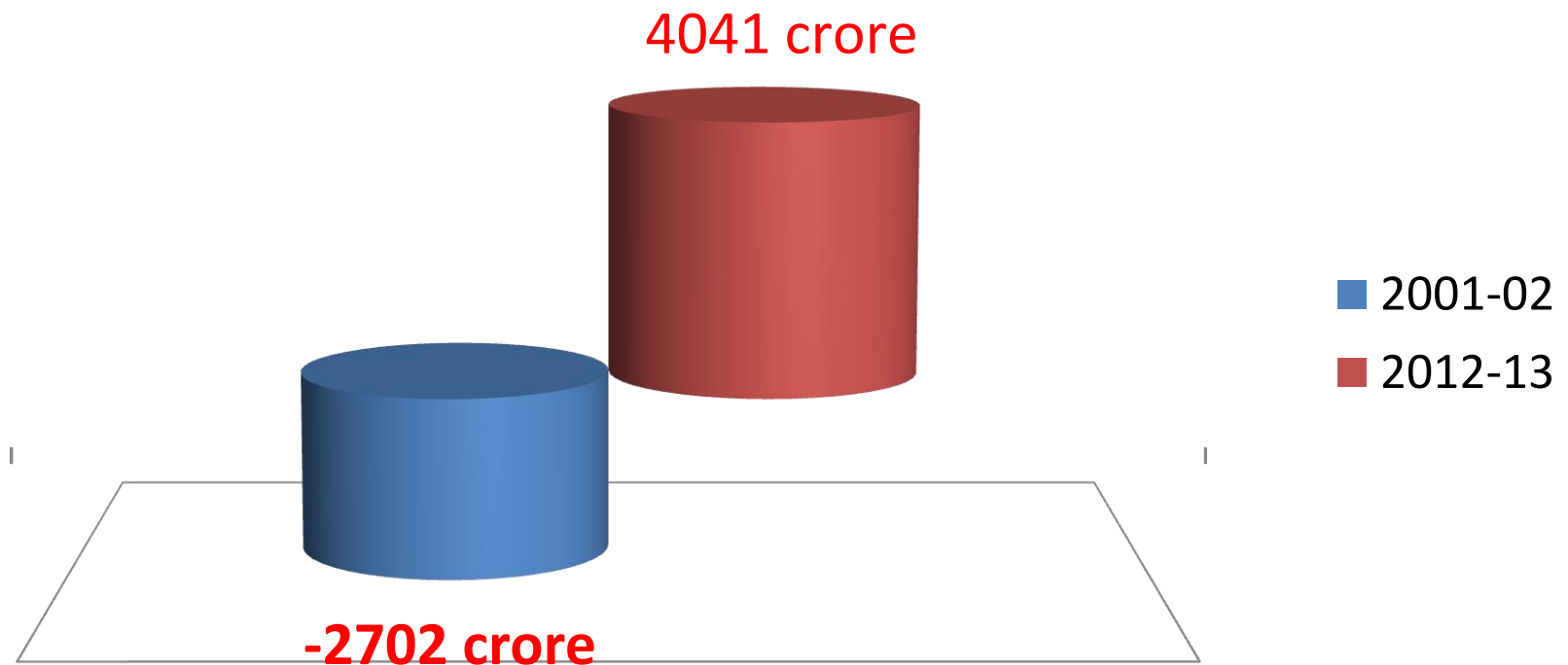




# Revival of the PSUs

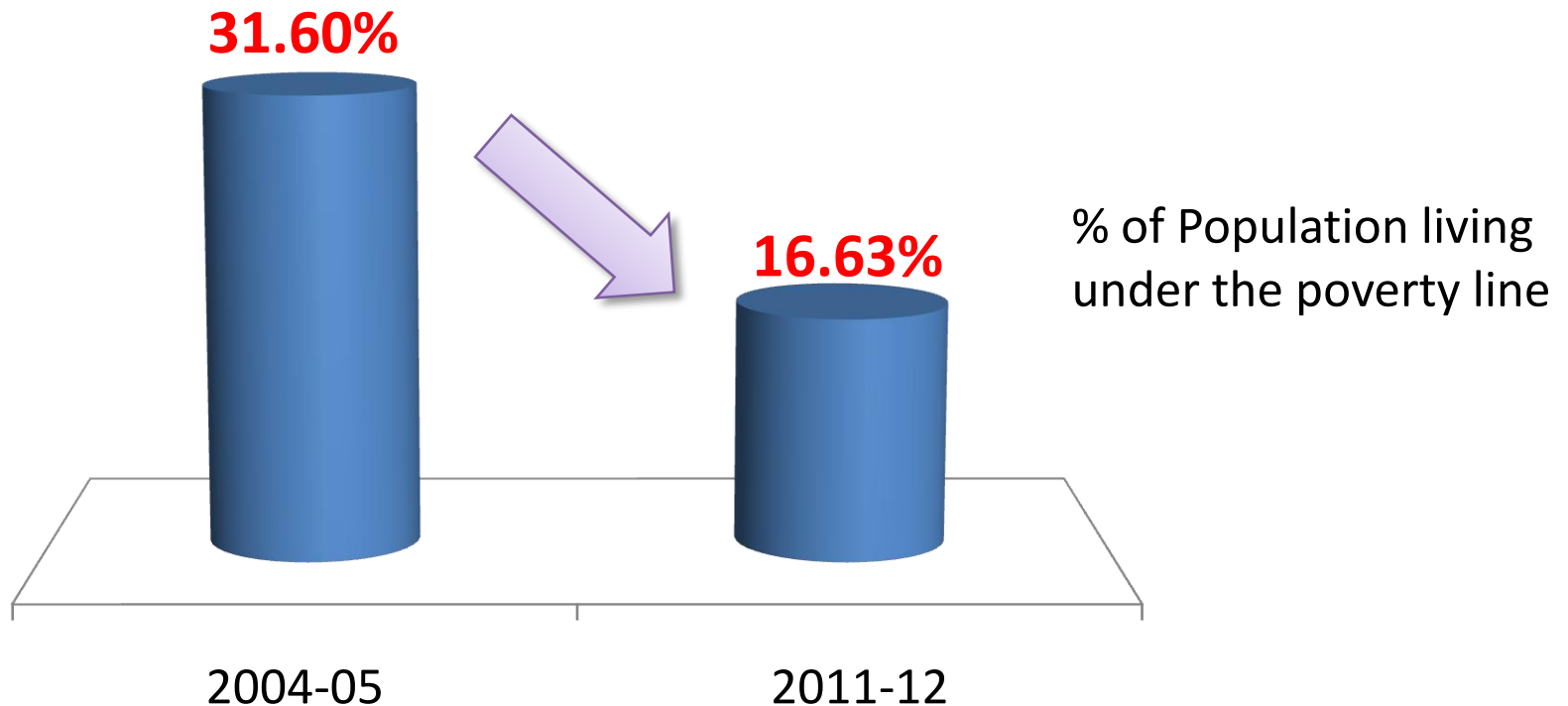
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*While the PSUs made a loss of Rs 2702 crores in 2001-02, they made a profit of Rs 4041 crores in 2012-13 due to a professional make-over*



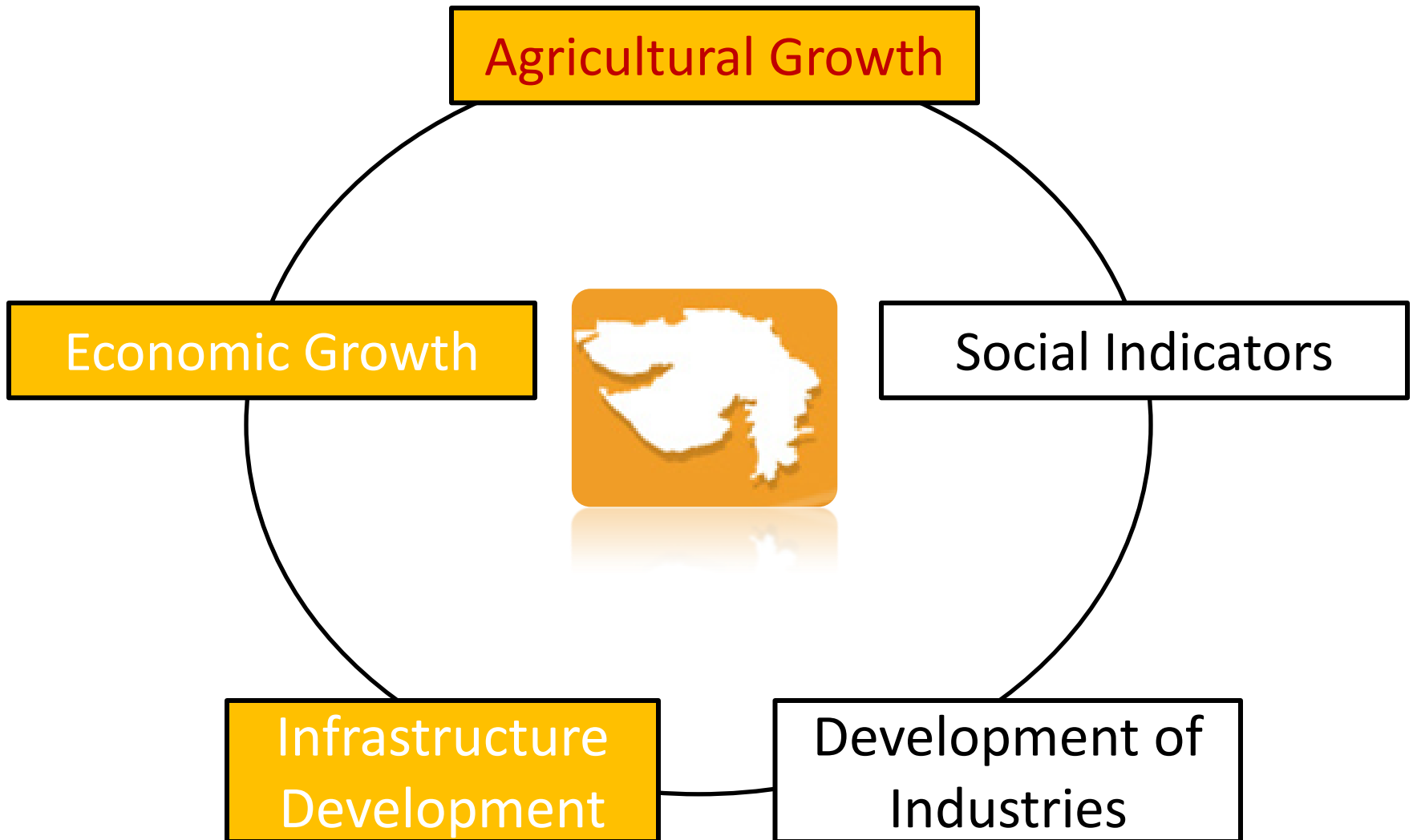
# Reduction of % BPL Population

*As a result of the pro people policies of the Gujarat Government , population below poverty line has steadily declined in Gujarat, from 31.6% in 2004-05 to 16.63% in 2011-12*



# Key Development Areas

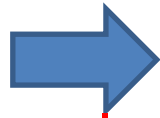
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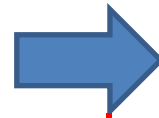
# Agriculture growth in Gujarat

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The Challenge

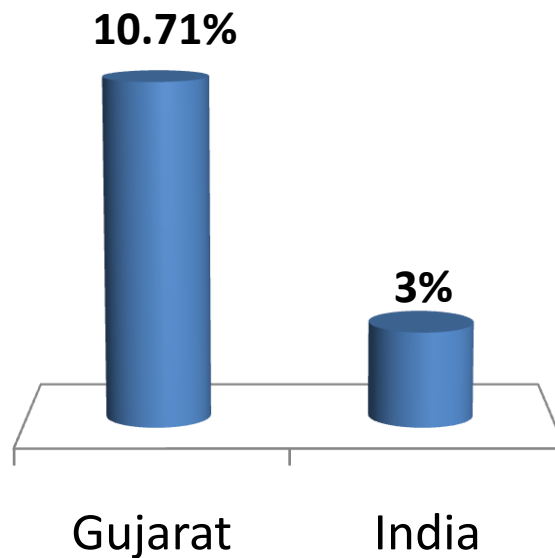


The Growth



The Effect

*A state where there was perpetual drought for 7 out of the 10 years*



**Annual Agriculture Growth between 2001-02 to 2011-12**

*Gujarat farmers add almost **8 times more value** than what they did in 2001*

*Gujarat's **contribution** to the nation's agriculture has more than doubled from **3.6%** in 2000-01 to **7.9%** in 2011-12*

# The Route to Growth

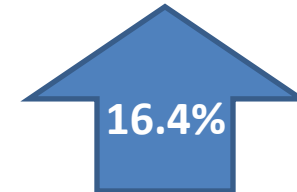
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2000 : 1.049 crore hectares

2008 : 1.221 crore hectares

Increase in Agriculture Land

Increase



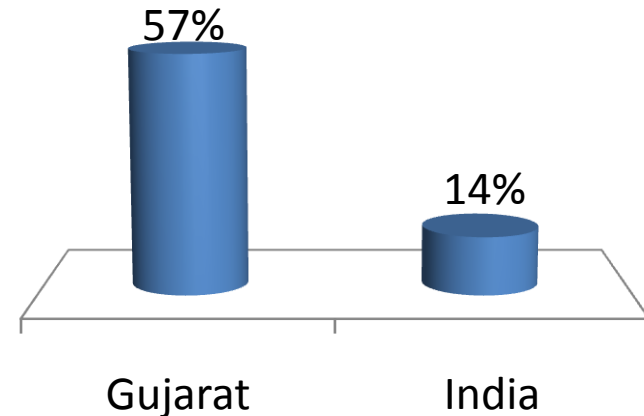
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Rising water tables

Gujarat witnessed the rare instance where water tables have increased from 3 to 13 meters

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Increase in Irrigated Area in the last decade



# The Route to Growth

---

*Food Grain production*

**2002-03**

*47.32 lakh MT*

**95.6%**

**2011-12**

*92.57 lakh MT*

**Increase in Food Production**

*Oilseed production*

**2002-03**

*18.78 lakh MT*

**168%**

**2011-12**

*50.35 lakh MT*

**Cotton Production**

**465% increase** in last 10 years

# The Route to Growth

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## Focus on Animal Health

*1.2 crore animals treated*  
*30,000 Animal Health Camps*  
*112 animal diseases eradicated*

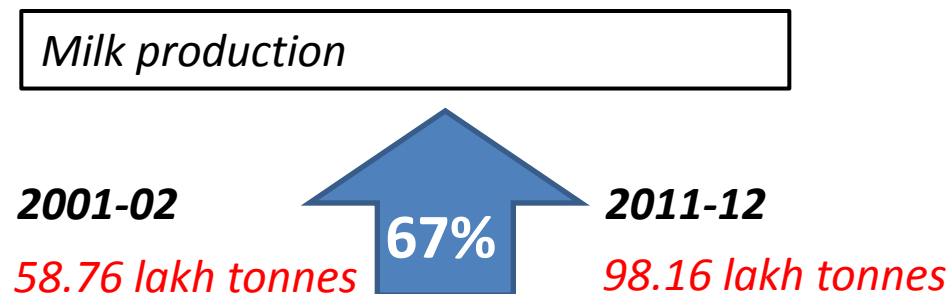
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## Soil Health Cards

*42 lakh Soil Health Cards given to farmers*

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## Increase in Dairy Production

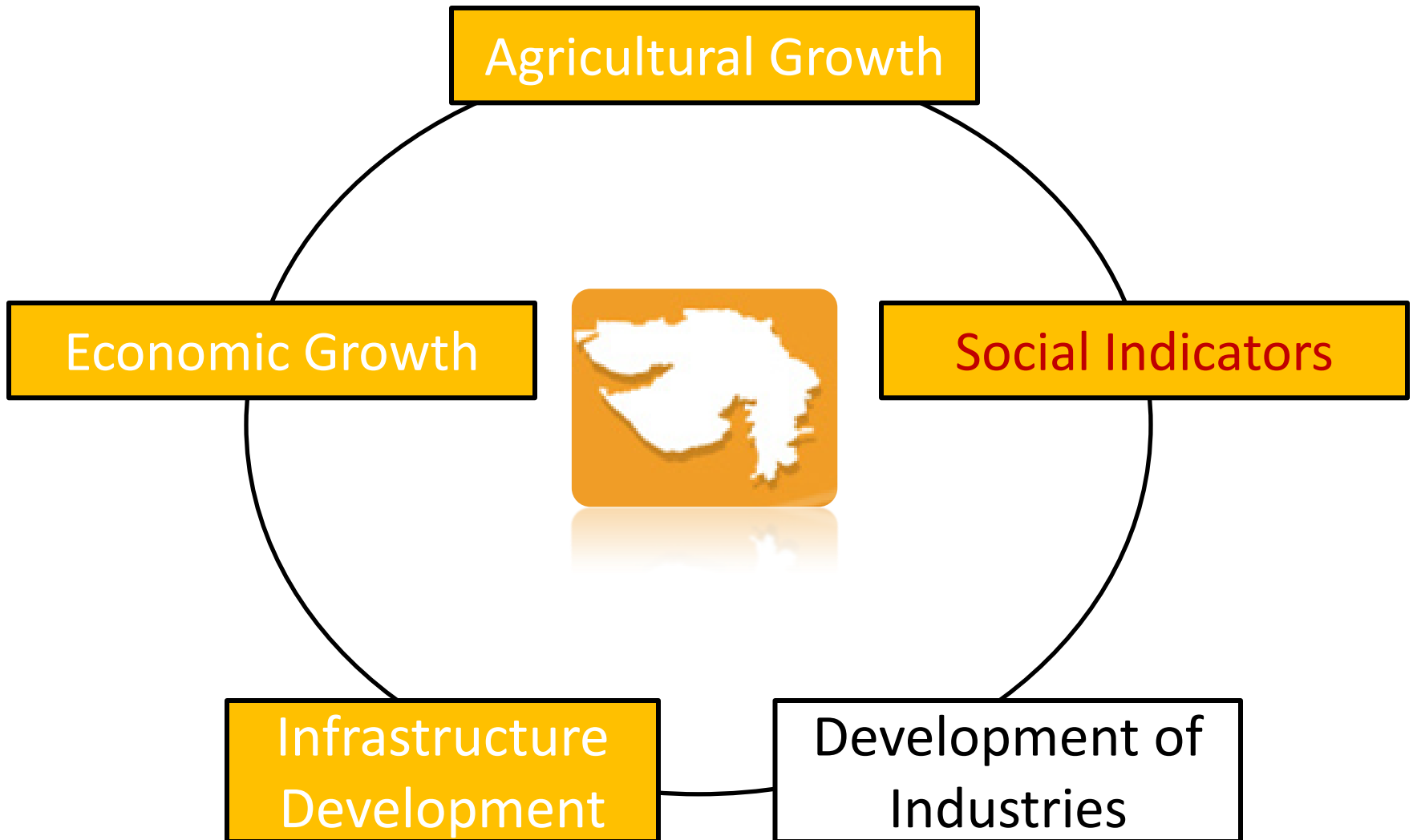


## Increase in Horticulture Production

*Production has gone up from 62.01 lakh MT (2001-02) to 202.11 lakh MT (2012-13) with an increase of 225%*

# Key Development Areas

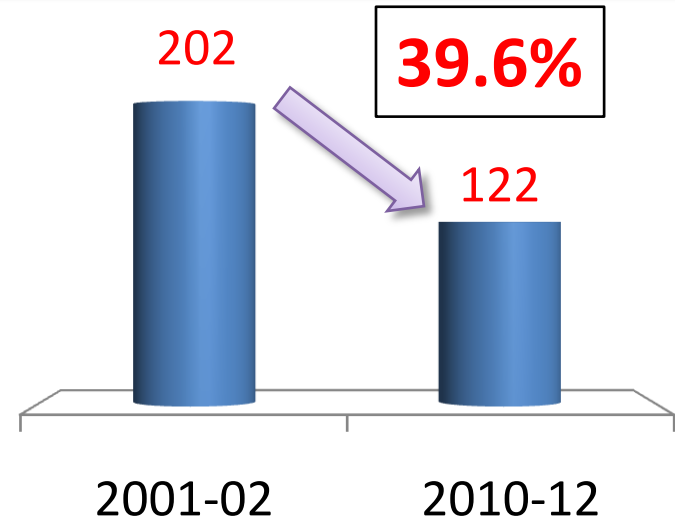
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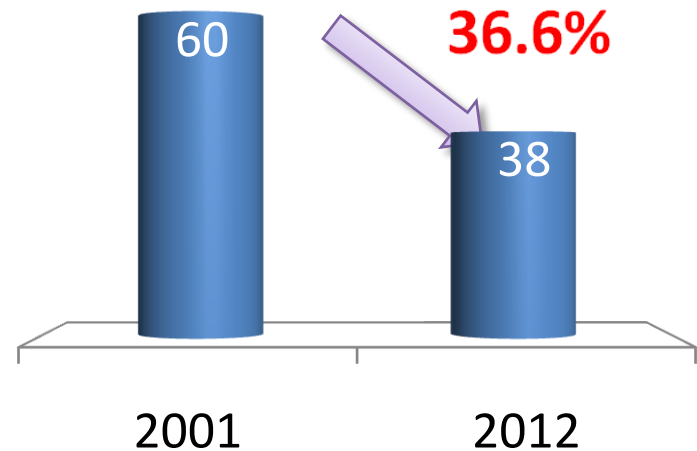


# Social Indicators

Maternal Mortality Rate



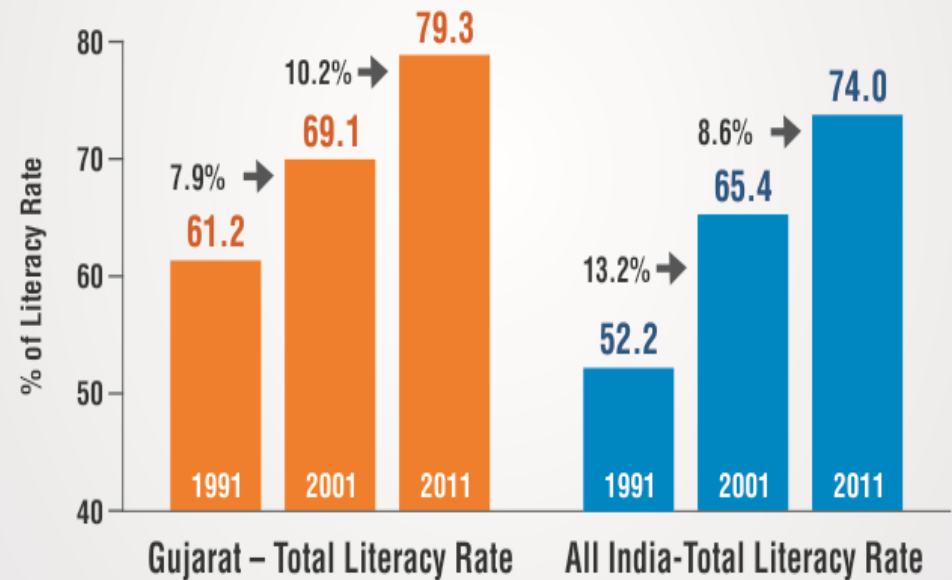
Infant Mortality Rate



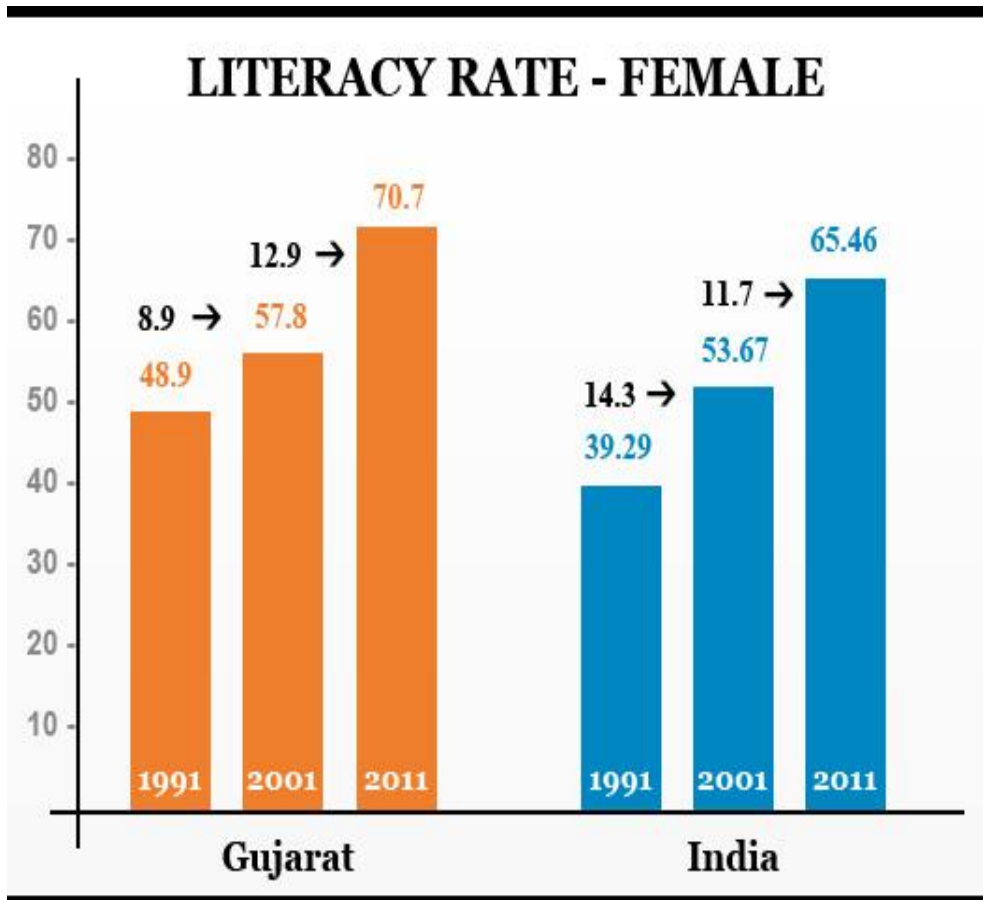
# Social Indicators

Increase in Literacy Rate  
During 2001-2011

## Gujarat rising on the Education Ladder



# Social Indicators



*Improvement in Female literacy was 11.3% points for India compared to 12.9% points for Gujarat*

*The improvement in female literacy in Gujarat was 8.9% points between 1991-2001 and 12.93% points between 2001-2011 which is an increase of 45%*

# Social Indicators

Increase in Number of  
Universities/Colleges

## GUJARAT'S GIANT STRIDES IN EDUCATION

### UNIVERSITIES



**42**

**11**

2001

2011

### COLLEGES



**1762**

**442**

2001

2011

### ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT SEATS



**123K**

**22K**

2001

2011

### ITIs including on PPP basis



**1054**

**275**

2001

2011

### PRIMARY PUPIL/TEACHER



**31**

**42**

2001

2011

### PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS



**2.60L**

**1.95L**

2001

2011

# Social Indicators

---

## Better Education

*Lesser Pupil teacher ratio*

**2001**  
**42**

**31%**

**2013-14**  
**29**

*Lesser Drop-out rate in Gujarat (Std. 1 to 5)*

**2001**  
**20.93**

**90.2%**

**2011-12**  
**2.05**

*More Enrolments*

**2003-04**  
**75.07%**

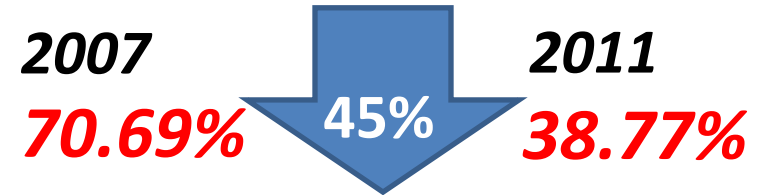
**32.2%**

**2012-13**  
**99.25%**

# Social Indicators

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Decreasing Malnutrition Levels

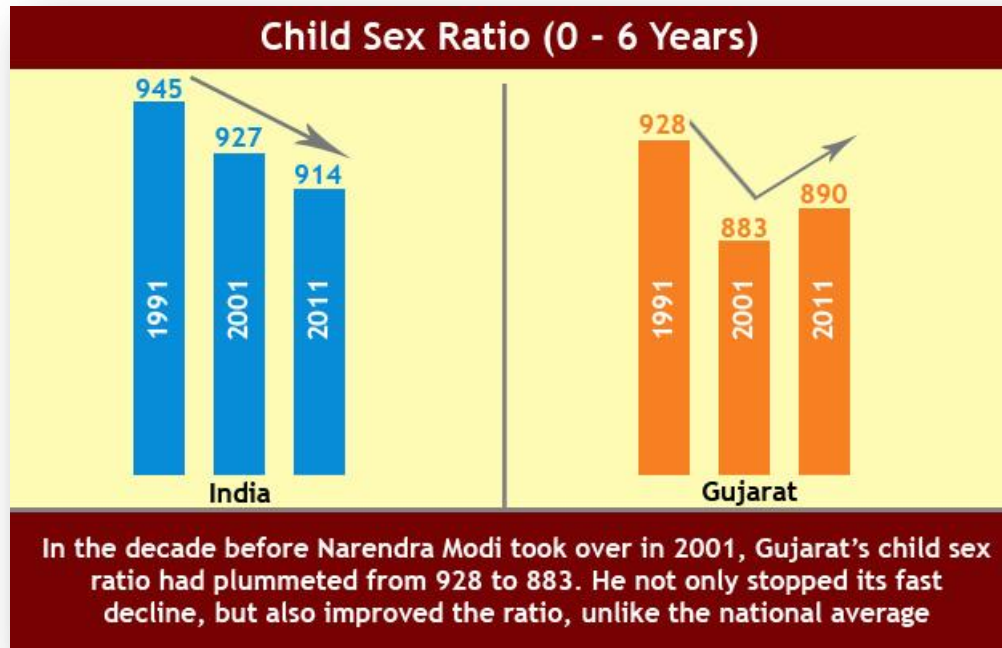


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Improvement in Institutional Deliveries



# Child Sex Ratio



*While the All India Child Sex Ratio & Gujarat child sex ratio has been on the decline from 1991, Gujarat under Narendra Modi managed to reverse this trend since 2001 & it is on the rise now*

# Sex Ratio at Birth

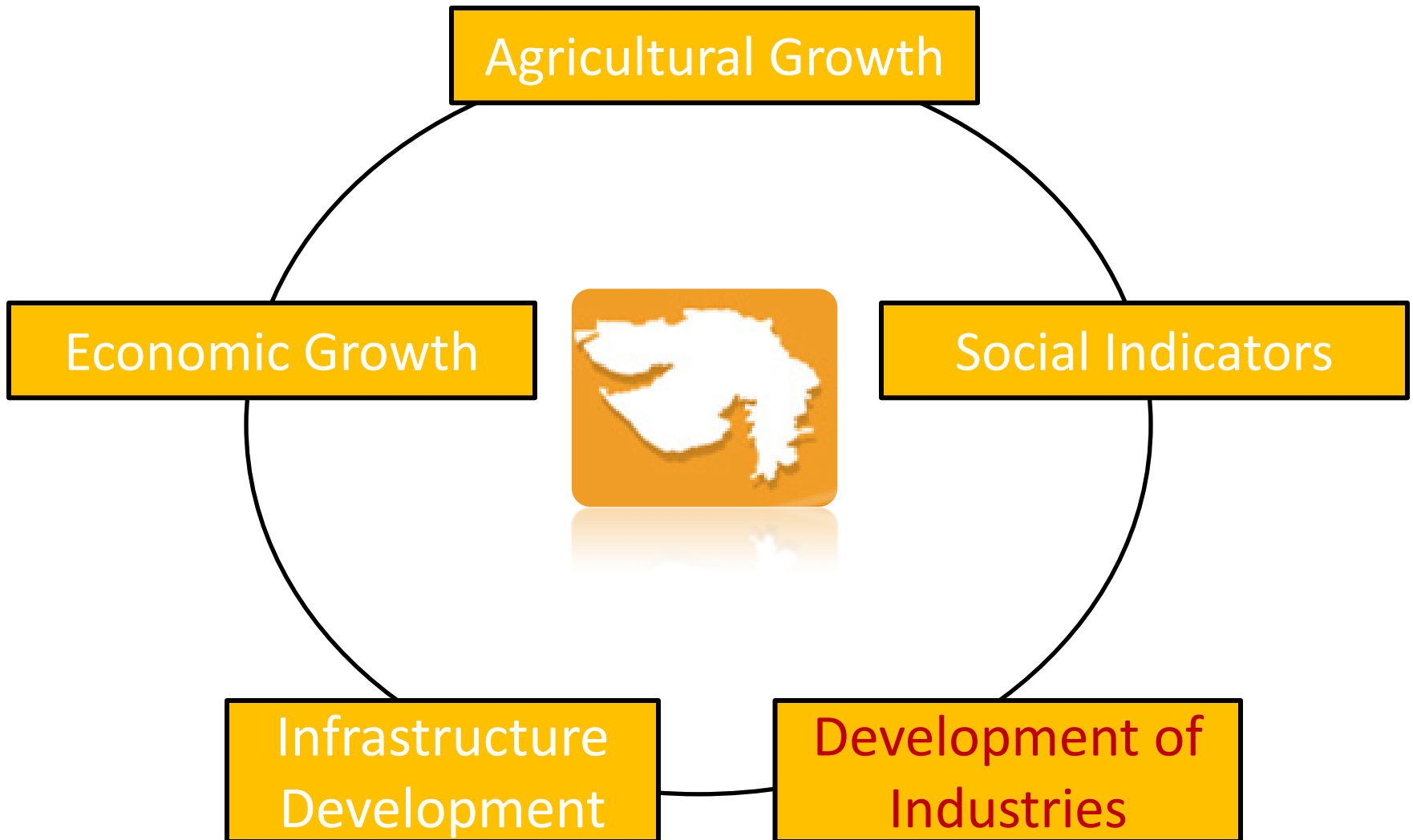


*Sex Ratio at Birth is an accurate way to determine Govt's interventions. Gujarat's Sex Ratio at Birth has shown tremendous improvement in the last decade under Narendra Modi*

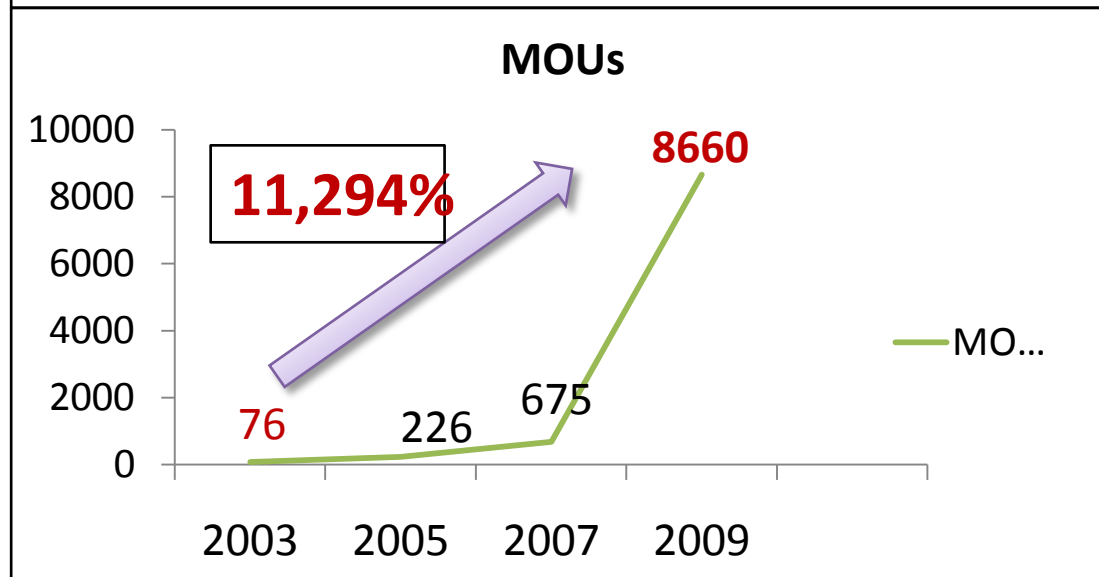
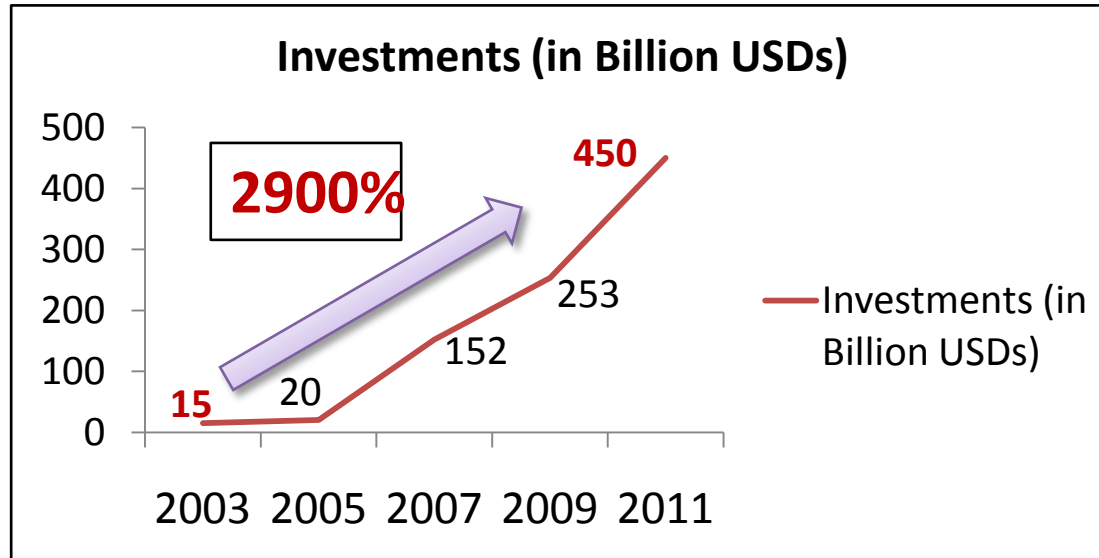


# Key Development Areas

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# Vibrant Gujarat Summits

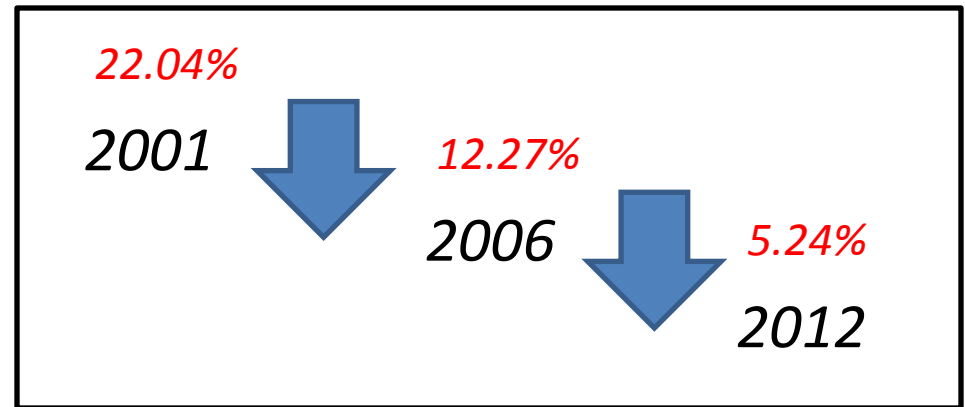


*With Vibrant Gujarat Global Summits, Narendra Modi made Gujarat the hottest investment destination in the country and brought in big-ticket investments, which has improved employment prospects for the youth while boosting production.*

# Better Environment for SMEs/MSMEs

---

*Percentage of Small Scale Industries  
in Gujarat that used to shut down*



As on today, there are *more than 5 lakh active & thriving SMEs/MSMEs* & Small Scale Industries in Gujarat giving *employment to more than 25 lakh people*



Thank You!

Department of  
Information, Government of  
Gujarat